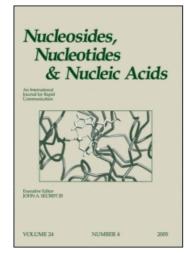
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Characterization and Photoaffinity Labeling of A₁ - Adenosine Receptors in Coated Vesicles from Bovine Brain

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CHARACTERIZATION AND PHOTOAFFINITY LABELING OF A₁- ADENOSINE RECEPTORS IN COATED VESICLES FROM BOVINE BRAIN.

Gonzalez-Calero, G., Cubero, A.* and Klotz, K.N. (1). Departamento de Quimica, Facultad de Ciencias Quimicas. Universidad de Castilla La Mancha. 13071 Ciudad-Real, Spain. (1) Pharmakologisches Institut der Universitat Heidelberg, Im Neuenheimer Feld 366, D-6900 Heidelberg, FRG.

ABSTRACT. The antagonist (^3H) DPCPX exhibited a Kd of 0.4 nM at coated vesicles from bovine brain. Agonist competition for (^3H) DPCPX binding revealed two affinity states for agonists. The photoaffinity probe $^{125}\text{I-AHPIA}$ specifically labelled a band with a molecular weight of 35 Kd.

Coated vesicles (CV) are involved in receptor mediated endocytosis of different receptors along with their ligands (1). Recently, it has been shown that a adenylate -cyclase coupled Λ_1 adenosine receptor exists in CV from bovine brain (2). We now present evidence that the Λ_1 receptors in CV are identical to those from brain membranes.

 ${\rm A_1}$ receptors in CV have been characterized by radioligand binding with ${\rm (^3H)DPCPX}$, an ${\rm A_1}$ selective antagonist. A Kd of 0.4 nM was estimated, compared to 0.2 nM in bovine brain membranes. The Bmax was 59 fmol/mg protein. Competition of agonists for ${\rm (^3H)DPCPX}$ binding resulted in biphasic curves indicating the presence of two affinity states (Fig. 1).

The biphasic competition curve of CCPA for (^3H)DPCPX was shifted to the right by addition of 0.1 mM GTP. The curve was monophasic in the presence of GTP with a Kd value close to the low affinity Kd in the absence of GTP. This shows that Λ_1 receptors in CV are coupled to a G protein.

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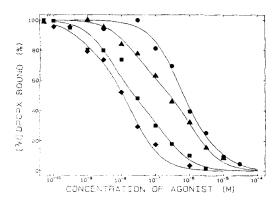


FIGURE 1. Competition of for (3H) - DPCPX agonists binding. Shown is specific binding as % of control in the absence of agonist. Nonlinear curve fitting gave the following Kd values (nM) for the high andlow affinity states, respectively: R-PIA (♠) 0.3 and 7.6; CCPA (■) 1.6 and 53; S-PIA (A) 4.7 and 205; NECA (•) 143 and 2414.

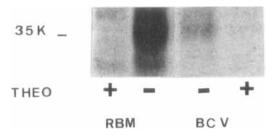


FIGURE 2. Photoaffinity labelling of A1 adenosine receptors in bovine brain CV (BCV). Labelling of the band with 35 KD was inhibited in the presence of 1mM theophylline (THEO), indicating specific labelling. The same band was labelled in rat brain membranes (RBM).

Agonist radioligand binding further confirmed that $^{\Lambda}_1$ receptors in CV are coupled to a G protein. The $^{\Lambda}_1$ selective agonist (3 H) CCPA (3), showed high affinity binding with a Kd value of 2 nM and a Bmax value of 36 fmol/mg protein. The agonist photoaffinity label 125 I-AHPIA (4) was specifically incorporated in a band with a molecular weight of 35 KD (Fig 2).

High affinity agonist binding confirmed that G protein-coupled Λ_1 -adenosine receptors exist in CV from bovine brain. $^{125}\text{I-AHPIA}$ was photoincorporated in a band of similar molecular weight as in brain membranes from different species. Thus, Λ_1 receptors in CV have similar characteristics compared to receptors in brain membranes.

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